

Идея: lock-free на немодифицирующих топ. порядок операциях

В рамках данной идеи разработаем алгоритм, который будет lock-free, если добавление ребра не нарушает текущий топологический порядок, и берется блокировка при операции модификации. Основная идея заключается в том, чтобы не производить "хорошие" (не нарушающие топ. порядок) добавления физически, а добавлять их в некую очередь.

ВНИМАНИЕ! ТУТ ЕСТЬ БАГИ! МНОГО!

```
class Node {
    OrderAndEpoch: Long or Descriptor // should have volatile semantics

    fun Ord(): Int // returns order
    fun Epoch(): Int // returns epoch when the order has been modified
}
data class Descriptor(newValue: Long)

shared Epoch: Int
shared AddQueueTail: MultipleProducerSingleConsumerQueue<Edge>

shared OrdInt: Map<Int, Node> // Maps orders to the nodes, for modifier thread only

fun add((u, v): Edge): List<Cycle> {
    retry: while (true) {
        // Read current epoch and orders of the edge endings
        val curEpoch = Epoch
        val ordU = u.OrderAndEpoch
        val ordV = v.OrderAndEpoch
        // Check that ordU and ordV are not Descriptors,
        // otherwise help to complete the operation
        if (ordU is Descriptor) {
            u.OrderAndEpoch.CAS(ordU, ordU.newValue)
            continue retry
        } else if (ordV is Descriptor) {
            v.OrderAndEpoch.CAS(ordV, ordV.newValue)
            continue retry
        }
        // Add the edge
        if (ordU < ordV) {
            // Edge could be added without topological order modification.
            // So add it to the "add" operations queue if the epoch has not been changed
            val success = atomically {
                AddQueueTail.add( (u,v) )
                assert(curEpoch == Epoch)
            }
        } else {
            // Otherwise we should rearrange nodes between v and u
            exclusively {
                // Try to add the edge without modification after the writer lock is acquired
                if (tryToAddWithoutModification((u, v)))
                    return noCycles() // just an empty list
                performAllOperationsFromAddQueue() // Optimisation only
                (newTopOrder, success) = countNewTopOrder() // Count new topological order
                if (success) {
                    // If (u, v) edge could be added successfully,
                    // update the topological order values for other threads.
                    // Add descriptors firstly (for lock-free unmodifiable operations) ...
                    for (i = v.Ordinal() .. u.Ordinal())
                        ordInv[i].OrderAndEpoch = Descriptor(newTopOrder[i])
                    // ... Increment the epoch
                    Epoch++
                    // Edge (u, v) has been added, but it is not guaranteed
                    // that new edges in the queue do not break new topological order,
                    // so check it and revert topological order change if needed
                    val successAdd = addEdgesFromQueueInBatch()
                    if (successAdd) {
                        // Edge (u, v) has been added successfully, replace Descriptors with new values if
                    }
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

needed
    performDescriptors(v.Ordinal(), u.Ordinal())
else {
    // "Good" edges from the queue create a cycle,
    // revert modification operation
    revertTopOrder()
    // Complete previous descriptors replacement
    performDescriptors(v.Ordinal(), u.Ordinal())
    // Revert topological order
    for (i = v.Ordinal() .. u.Ordinal())
        ordInv[i].OrderAndEpoch = Descriptor(prevTopOrder[i])
    // Start new epoch
    Epoch++
    // Replace descriptors with their values
    performDescriptors(v.Ordinal(), u.Ordinal())
    // Find cycles and return them
    return getCycles(u, v)
}
} else {
    // Find cycles and return them
    return getCycles(u, v)
}
}
}
return noCycles() // just an empty list
}

fun performDescriptors(from: Int, to: Int) {
    for (i = from .. to) {
        val ordI = ordInv[i].OrderAndEpoch
        if (ordI is Descriptor) // Otherwise another thread replaces the descriptor with its value before
            ordInv[i].OrderAndEpoch.CAS(ordI, ordI.newValue)
    }
}

```